

## Missing Digits Calculator

## Level 3/4

Number of practice sheets: 9

## MathSphere

© MathSphere P.O. Box 1234 Worthing BN14 7YX www.mathsphere.co.uk

Booster: KS2: Missing Digits3/4Calculator© MathSphereP.O. Box 1234Worthing BN147YX

## Notes

The questions in this module are similar to the ones set on the calculator papers in previous years. Some do not need a calculator if the children are proficient at mental arithmetic, but children can use a calculator if they wish. In any case, they should be encouraged to check their answers on the calculator.

Techniques to be used in this work include working a sum backwards and using rules of multiplication to find missing numbers.

Eg. if a missing digit must be multiplied by 7 and the answer ends in 1, the missing digit must be 3  $(7 \times 3 = 21)$ .

Some missing digits may be found by quickly trying all possibilities on a calculator. Eg 8  $3 \times 7 = 5831$ . By trying the numbers 0 – 9 in the box, they will quickly find the missing digit to be 3.

Children need to appreciate the need to bring many resources to this type of problem.

Although this type of problem does not appear too often on test papers, these questions are certainly worth practising as they focus on many techniques that may be used elsewhere in number work.

Some questions are written horizontally Eg  $4\square 7 - 236 = \square 51$ . In finding the missing digits children may prefer to rewrite the sum in vertical form, although this is not always necessary if a calculator is being used.

The first worksheet is printed large so that you may use it on an OHP or interactive whiteboard for demonstration purposes.



![](_page_3_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Figure_0.jpeg)

rows, columns and diagonals add up to the same number.

57		75
66	4 8	
		39

Booster: KS2: Miss	ng Digits 3/4 Calculator	Page 12
© Mathsphere	1.0. Dox 1254 Worthing Divit / 1.x	www.mathspitere.co.uk
	Answers	
Page 3		
1. Smallest: 2569	Largest: 2965	
<b>2.</b> 76 + 38 <b>OR</b> 78	; + 36 (two answers).	
Page 4		
1. No even numbe	rs. Divides by 7. $56 \times 7 = 39$	92
<b>2.</b> 67 × 5 = 335		
<b>97 × 2</b> = 194 <b>72 × 2</b> = 210		
$73 \times 3 = 219$ 77 × 7 = 539		
<b>53 × 5</b> = 265		
Page 5		
<b>1. 58 + 99</b> = 157	so 58 is smallest number.	
<b>2. 98 + 30</b> = 128 (9	8 is largest even number with tv	vo digits)
so 30 is smalles	st number	
<b>3. 63</b> + <b>98</b> = 161 (	98 is largest multiple of 7 with tw	/o digits)
so 63 is smalles	st number	
Page 6		
<b>1. a) 7</b> 13 - 2 <b>4</b> 9 =	464 <b>b)</b> 846 - 51 <b>9</b> = 3	327
<b>c)</b> 825 - <b>3</b> 76 =	$\begin{array}{ccc} 449 & \textbf{d} \end{pmatrix}  402 - 277 = 1 \\ \textbf{d} \end{pmatrix}  705 - 2077 = 1 \\ \textbf{d} \end{pmatrix}$	25
<b>e)</b> 598 - <b>2</b> 99 = 1	299 t) 765 - 397 = 3	68
Page 7		
c) $407 + 276 =$	980 d) $807 + 192 = 90$	)2 )9
e) 4 <b>9</b> 4 + 38 <b>6</b> =	880 f) 28 <b>8 + 4</b> 97 = 78	35
Page 8		
1. a) 3 <b>7</b> 8 – 236 =	( <b>2</b> 14 b) 7 <b>8</b> 3 – <b>2</b> 64 – 5	19
a) 000 075	(217) $(3)$ $(3$	75

© MathSphere		P.O. Box 1234 Worthing BN147YX			www.mathsphere.co.ul			
Answers (Contd)								
Page 9								
<b>1.</b> 10 × 1	7 = 70,	11 × 7 = 77,	12 × 7 = 84,	13 x 7 = 9	91, $14 \times 7 = 98$			
<b>2.</b> 13 × 4	4 = 52,	23 × 4 = 92						
<b>3.</b> 28 × <sup>2</sup>	10 = 280	)						
14 × 2	20 = 280	)						
44 × 1	10 = 440	)						
22 x 2 11 x 4	20 = 440 40 = 440	)						
40	10 400	,						
40 × 20 × 2	10 = 400 20 = 400	)						
25 × 1	16 = 400	)						
200 ×	10 = 20	000						
100 × 125 ×	20 = 20 16 = 20	)00 )00						
E00	10 50	200						
500 × 250 ×	10 = 50 20 = 50	00						
125 ×	40 = 50	000						
100 × 200 ×	50 = 50 25 = 50	000						
Page 10								
<b>1. a)</b> 2 <sup>-</sup>	15 × 3 =	<b>6</b> 45	<b>b) 1</b> 29	× 4 = 51 <b>6</b>				
c) 1:	53 × 6 = 23 × 8 =	918 3384 or	d) 167 f) 753	× 5 = 83 <b>5</b> × 6 - 451 <b>8</b>				
47	$73 \times 8 =$	<b>37</b> 84	1, 700	× 0 – +01 <b>0</b>				
Page 11								
1. ā) 84 h) 1 53	<b>b)</b> 7 <b>2</b> 8 and 9	<b>c)</b> 6 <b>d)</b> 1 <b>8 i) 2</b> 59	73 e) 972 3 7 <b>7</b> 7	<b>f)</b> 1 <b>2</b> 5	g) 832			
<b>2.</b> 57	<b>12</b> 75							
66	48 <b>30</b>							

**21 84** 39